

R7-04A

Product Data Sheet – Animal Feeds

Supplier		
Cefetra Ltd The Lightyear Building		
Glasgow Airport Business Park		
Marchburn Drive	micos i una	
PA3 2SJ		
Scotland		
0141 445 5721		
	Product Specifications	
	Ground Maize	
Trading Name Ground Maize/ Ground Corn		
Image- Typical Image of Ground maize		
**(product may vary in appearance depending on suppliers) Product Description Maize is mechanically harvested during which the maize kernel is removed. This process		
Product Description	separates out the husk and the cob, keeping only the kernels. The Kernels are then ground into a	
	fine meal.	
Specification*	Moisture ~14%	
·	Dry Matter ~85%	
	Crude Protein ~9%	
	• Crude 0.1 ~2-3%	
	Crude Fibre ~ 3-6%	
	(*Values are not contractual)	
General Use	Ground maize has a high starch value and is used to feed a variety of animals. Ground maize is a	
	good source of slow release easily digestible starch.	
Packaging &	Bulk	
Transport		
Labelling	According to EU legislation 767/2009	
Storage	Maize should be stored in dry, flat facilities at ambient or cool temperatures. Heat must not be	
	applied to the product, as elevated temperatures under combustible conditions may lead to selfignition.	
Legal Demands	The product complies with all applicable legislation. The most important elements are:	
Legal Demanus	Animal Feed Legislation	
	Directive 2002/32/EG on undesirable substances in animal feed.	
	Regulation 396/2005 on maximum residue levels of pesticides in or on food or feed	
	Regulation (EC) No. 183/2005 concerning animal feed hygiene	
	Commission Recommendation- EC 2006/576/EC	
	Where applicable The Animal Feed (Amendment) (EU Exit) Regulations Statutory	
	Instruments (Scotland, England, Wales and Northern Ireland)	
	Where applicable The Feed (Sampling and Analysis and Specified Undesirable	
	substances) Regulations 2010. (SI for Scotland 354, Northern Ireland 323, Wales 2287 & England 2280)	



R7-04A

Product Data Sheet – Animal Feeds

Undesirable	The maximum determined contents for undesirable substances in feedstuff, such as established		
substances	in:		
	 Directive 2002/32/EG on undesirable substances in animal feed. 		
	GMP+FSA; Appendix 1 (Product standards, including residue standards)		
	 Regulation 396/2005 on maximum residue levels of pesticides in or on food or feed. 		
	 CO₂ has evolved because of the respiratory activity of the cargo. Because of the 		
	possible oxygen shortage, the hold must be ventilated and a gas measurement		
	performed before access to the hold is permitted.		
	Specific analysis and standard tolerances		
Salmonella	Absent in 25g		
Appearance	Yellow/orange ground meal		
Country of origin	EU, Ukrainian & Black Sea origin		
Health Information			
Inhalation	When handled, maize meal can give off dust. Prolonged inhalation of excessive amounts of		
	nuisance dusts may affect respiratory system. Prolonged or repeated exposure may result in lung		
La acatica	damage.		
Ingestion	No known hazards.		
Eye Contact	Exposure may cause slight irritation.		
Skin Contact	Dust can cause irritation or sensitivity to skin.		
Toxicological	Non-toxic product		
Information	N. C.		
Occupational	Not Set.		
exposure limits	Francisco first aid museadures		
Ingestion	Emergency first aid procedures Do not induce vomiting. Give person water to drink. If gastro-intestinal symptoms develop, seek		
Ingestion	medical help.		
Eye Contact	In the event of eye contact irrigate with water for at least 15 minutes. Exposure may result in		
Eye Contact	mild irritation. Seek medical attention if irritation Occurs.		
Skin Contact	Wash effected area with soap and water. Seek medical attention if irritation develops.		
Inhalation	Remove person to fresh air. Seek medical attention if symptoms develop.		
IIIIaiatioii	Physical properties		
Physical state	Solid		
Appearance	Yellow/Orange ground meal		
Odor	Maize has a slight, pleasant odor. Excessive moist maize has a sour odor.		
Flammability limits	Catches fire briefly and extinguishes rapidly		
Transmosticy mines	Fire & Explosion hazard		
Flash point	>60°C		
Flammability	Due to its oil content and fine particle size, ground maize—particularly when freshly harvested—		
·	has a strong tendency to become rancid and undergo self-heating, which significantly increases		
	the risk of self-combustion.		
	If the temperature within the cargo rises above 40°C, immediate measures must be taken to		
	reduce the temperature. Should temperatures exceed 60°C, a heightened risk of fire is present,		
	necessitating prompt and appropriate action.		
Fration ishing and	necessitating prompt and appropriate action. Damage resulting from self-heating can lead to substantial product depreciation.		
Extinguishing media	necessitating prompt and appropriate action. Damage resulting from self-heating can lead to substantial product depreciation. carbon dioxide or foam		
	necessitating prompt and appropriate action. Damage resulting from self-heating can lead to substantial product depreciation. carbon dioxide or foam Special firefighting procedures & precautions		
Combustible when su	necessitating prompt and appropriate action. Damage resulting from self-heating can lead to substantial product depreciation. carbon dioxide or foam Special firefighting procedures & precautions ubjected to heat. Suitable extinguishing agents are dry, carbon dioxide and water spray.		
Combustible when su Fire fighters should u	necessitating prompt and appropriate action. Damage resulting from self-heating can lead to substantial product depreciation. carbon dioxide or foam Special firefighting procedures & precautions ubjected to heat. Suitable extinguishing agents are dry, carbon dioxide and water spray. se self-contained breathing apparatus to avoid exposure to smoke and fumes.		
Combustible when su Fire fighters should u Adequate extraction	necessitating prompt and appropriate action. Damage resulting from self-heating can lead to substantial product depreciation. carbon dioxide or foam Special firefighting procedures & precautions ubjected to heat. Suitable extinguishing agents are dry, carbon dioxide and water spray. se self-contained breathing apparatus to avoid exposure to smoke and fumes. facilities should be provided in all areas subject to dust.		
Combustible when su Fire fighters should u Adequate extraction	necessitating prompt and appropriate action. Damage resulting from self-heating can lead to substantial product depreciation. carbon dioxide or foam Special firefighting procedures & precautions abjected to heat. Suitable extinguishing agents are dry, carbon dioxide and water spray. se self-contained breathing apparatus to avoid exposure to smoke and fumes. facilities should be provided in all areas subject to dust. seed as increases the potential for heating and self-combustion		
Combustible when su Fire fighters should u Adequate extraction Water must not be u	necessitating prompt and appropriate action. Damage resulting from self-heating can lead to substantial product depreciation. carbon dioxide or foam Special firefighting procedures & precautions abjected to heat. Suitable extinguishing agents are dry, carbon dioxide and water spray. se self-contained breathing apparatus to avoid exposure to smoke and fumes. facilities should be provided in all areas subject to dust. seed as increases the potential for heating and self-combustion Reactivity		
Combustible when surfire fighters should undequate extraction water must not be under the stability	necessitating prompt and appropriate action. Damage resulting from self-heating can lead to substantial product depreciation. carbon dioxide or foam Special firefighting procedures & precautions ubjected to heat. Suitable extinguishing agents are dry, carbon dioxide and water spray. se self-contained breathing apparatus to avoid exposure to smoke and fumes. facilities should be provided in all areas subject to dust. Issed as increases the potential for heating and self-combustion Reactivity Stable		
Combustible when surfire fighters should undequate extraction water must not be under the stability.	necessitating prompt and appropriate action. Damage resulting from self-heating can lead to substantial product depreciation. carbon dioxide or foam Special firefighting procedures & precautions abjected to heat. Suitable extinguishing agents are dry, carbon dioxide and water spray. se self-contained breathing apparatus to avoid exposure to smoke and fumes. facilities should be provided in all areas subject to dust. seed as increases the potential for heating and self-combustion Reactivity		
Combustible when surfire fighters should undequate extraction water must not be under the stability Hazardous Polymerization	necessitating prompt and appropriate action. Damage resulting from self-heating can lead to substantial product depreciation. carbon dioxide or foam Special firefighting procedures & precautions ubjected to heat. Suitable extinguishing agents are dry, carbon dioxide and water spray. se self-contained breathing apparatus to avoid exposure to smoke and fumes. facilities should be provided in all areas subject to dust. seed as increases the potential for heating and self-combustion Reactivity Stable Will not occur		
Combustible when surfire fighters should undequate extraction water must not be under the stability.	necessitating prompt and appropriate action. Damage resulting from self-heating can lead to substantial product depreciation. carbon dioxide or foam Special firefighting procedures & precautions ubjected to heat. Suitable extinguishing agents are dry, carbon dioxide and water spray. se self-contained breathing apparatus to avoid exposure to smoke and fumes. facilities should be provided in all areas subject to dust. Issed as increases the potential for heating and self-combustion Reactivity Stable		



R7-04A

Product Data Sheet – Animal Feeds

Hazardous	Combustion produces CO ₂ , CO & thick smoke	
decomposition		
products		
Personal protection / Exposure control		
Respiratory	Always ensure the work area has adequate ventilation. In case of dust formation, wear	
Protection	appropriate respiratory protective equipment determined and fitted by an expert.	
Skin protection	Gloves and overalls should be worn when handling.	
Eye Protection	Always wear approved safety glasses when working. Full face protective shields can be worn to	
	avoid contact with face. Wash stations should be provided.	
Footwear	Appropriate footwear as specified by workplace requirements.	
Environmental Protection		
Environmental	This product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the	
precautions	possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the	
	environment. Avoid excessive dust emissions	
Spill or leak	No special precautions. Normal sweeping of small spillages and collection is appropriate. For	
precautions	larger spillages mechanical scooping may be necessary (use only diesel vehicles).	
Waste disposal	Dispose spilled or contaminated material to landfill. Do not release into drains or other	
	measures.	
This is for information purposes only and is not contractual.		