Product Data Sheet – Animal Feeds



Supplier		
Cefetra Ltd		
The Lightyear Bui		
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Scotland		
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Food Ctuff	Product Specifications	
Feed Stuff Trading Name	Rye Grain Rye Grain, Rye	
Trading Name	Image- Typical Image of Rye Grain *	
	7,000	
9	**(product may vary in appearance depending on suppliers)	
Product Descripti	on Rye (Secale cereale L.) is a winter-hardy annual or biennial grass. In addition to the grain itself,	
	several rye by-products are occasionally used in animal feeding, notably rye bran, which is the by-	
	product of rye millling, and rye distillers' grains, the by-products of whisky and ethanol	
	production	
Specification*	Spec weight min 60 kg/hl	
	Moisture max 15%	
	Admix max 2%	
	Ergot max 0.05% (*Values are not)	
	contractual)	
General Use	Rye grain can be used for Distilling in Alcohol production	
Packaging &	Bulk	
Transport		
Labelling	According to EU legislation 767/2009	
Storage	Storage of Rye should be in a dry, cool and ventilated area.	
Legal Demands	The product complies with all applicable legislation. Most important elements are:	
ŭ	Animal Feed Legislation	
	Directive 2002/32/EG on undesirable substances in animal feed.	
	Regulation 396/2005 on maximum residue levels of pesticides in or on food or feed	
	Regulation (EC) No. 183/2005 concerning animal feed hygiene	
	Commission Recommendation- EC 2006/576/EC	
	Where applicable The Animal Feed (Amendment) (EU Exit) Regulations Statutory	
	Instruments (Scotland, England, Wales and Northern Ireland)	
	Where applicable The Feed (Sampling and Analysis and Specified Undesirable substances)	
	Regulations 2010. (SI for Scotland 354, Northern Ireland 323, Wales 2287 & England 2280)	
Undesirable	The maximum determined contents for undesirable substances in feedstuff, such as established	
substances	in:	
Sabstances	Directive 2002/32/EG on undesirable substances in animal feed;	
	GMP+FSA; Appendix 1 (Product standards, including residue standards) recalculated to a	
	moisture content of 12%;	
Specific analysis and standard tolerances		
Salmonella	Absent in 25g	
Appearance	Pale colour, typical appearance of Rye.	
Country of origin	EU origin	
Health Information		
Inhalation	May cause lung congestion if inhaled.	
Ingestion	Non-hazardous food product. May cause an allergic response with sensitive individuals.	
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Eye Contact	Can cause discomfort.
Skin Contact	In certain individuals subject to Malady, dermatitis may occur, and hence protective gloves would
Skiii Contact	be advisable. The material is classified as non-toxic but as dust nuisance only. It is not a corrosive.
Toxicological Information	Rapeseed meal is non-toxic and biodegradable.
Occupational	None available.
exposure limits	None available.
exposure illines	Emergency first aid procedures
Ingestion	Do not induce vomiting. Give person water to drink. If gastro-intestinal symptoms develop seek
ingestion	medical help. Non-toxic – dust masks should be worn.
Eye Contact	In the event of eye contact irrigate with water for at least 15 minutes. Exposure may result in
	mild irritation. Seek medical attention if symptoms persist.
Skin Contact	Wash effected area with soap and water. Seek medical attention if irritation develops.
Inhalation	Classed as a dust nuisance however, If breathing difficulties occur move to a well ventilated area. If breathing problems are still occurring, please seek medical help. – dust masks should be worn.
	Seek medical attention if required.
	Physical properties
Physical state	Solid
Appearance	Pale colour, typical appearance of Rye.
Odour	Rye have a slight pleasant odour.
Flammability limits	Excessively high water content may result in self-heating due to increased respiratory activity.
	The Rye in individual clusters of excessively moist cargo heat up and give rise to more damp
	(sweating) cereal at the boundary layers of the cluster. In this way, the process propagates into
	other parts of the cargo. Such clusters may form, for example, in too freshly harvested product
	(not yet post-ripened) or where excessively damp goods have been loaded.
	Fire & Explosion hazard
Flammability	Not flammable
Ignition temp	490°C
Extinguishing media	Foam, dry chemical, carbon dioxide
Explosion class	St 1
<u> </u>	Special firefighting procedures & precautions
Combustible when su	bjected to extreme heat. Suitable extinguishing agents are dry agent, carbon dioxide and foam.
	se self-contained breathing apparatus to avoid exposure to smoke and fumes.
Adequate extraction	facilities should be provided in all areas subject to dust.
	Reactivity
Stability	Stable
Material to avoid	Strong oxidizing agents; Direct sunlight, extremely low and high temperatures and protect from moisture.
Hazardous	Combustion produces CO ² & CO
decomposition	'
products	
	Personal protection / Exposure control
Respiratory	Always ensure the work area has adequate ventilation. In case of dust formation, wear
Protection	appropriate respiratory protective equipment determined and fitted by an expert. dust masks should be worn.
Skin protection	Gloves and overalls should be worn when handling.
Eye Protection	Always wear approved safety glasses when working. Full face protective shields can be worn to
•	avoid contact with face. Wash stations should be provided.
Footwear	Appropriate footwear as specified by workplace requirements.
	Environmental Protection
Environmental	Avoid excessive dust emissions.
precautions	
Spill or leak precautions	Its high content of sugars causes high biological oxygen demand, and the release of large quantities into waterways or sewers should be avoided. Spillages should be cleared up immediately and disposed.
Waste disposal	Dispose spilled or contaminated material to landfill. Do not release into drains or other measures.
	This is for information purposes only and is not contractual
	intermediate parposes only and is not contracted.